

Welbourn Music Skills Progression 2022-24



EYFS/KSI Skills	Year 1	Year 2	KS2 Skills	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Play and Perform (controlling sounds through singing and playing).								
Use voices expressively ¤ Take part in singing ¤ Follow instructions on when to sing or to play an instrument	Use voices in different ways such as speaking, singing and chanting	Use voices expressively and creatively. To sing with the sense of shape of the melody	Sing songs in unison and two parts	To sing in unison, becoming aware of pitch	To sing in unison maintaining the correct pitch and using increasing expression	To sing in unison with clear diction, controlled pitch and sense of phrase	To sing in solo, unison and in parts with clear diction, controlled pitch and with sense of phrase	

Play tuned and un-tuned instruments • Follow instructions on when to sing or to play an instrument	To create and choose sounds To perform simple rhythmical patterns, beginning to show an awareness of pulse.	To create and choose sounds for a specific effect. To perform rhythmical patterns and accompaniments, keeping a steady pulse.	To play tuned and un-tuned instruments with control and accuracy	To perform simple rhythmic and musical parts, beginning to vary the pitch with a small range of notes.	To play and perform parts with an increasing number of notes, beginning to show musical expression by changing dynamics.	To play and perform parts in a range of solo and ensemble contexts with increasing accuracy and expression.	To play and perform with accuracy, fluency, control and expression
Rehearse and perform with others	To think about others when performing.	To think about others while performing	To practise, rehearse and present performances with an awareness of the audience	To think about others while performing.	To think about others while performing.	To maintain my own part and be aware how the different parts fit together.	To think about the audience when performing and how to create a specific effect.
Create and Compose (crea	ı ting and developing ı	nusical ideas)					
Create musical patterns EYFS-Clap short, rhythmic patterns Make	To know about and experiment with sounds	Repeat short rhythmic and melodic patterns	Improvise, developing rhythmic and melodic	To create simple rhythmical patterns	To create rhythmical and simple melodic	To create increasingly complicated rhythmic and	To create increasingly complicated rhythmic and melodic phrases within
different sounds (high and low – pitch; loud and quiet – dynamics; fast and slow – tempo; quality of the sound – smooth,			material when performing	that use a small range of notes.	patterns using an increased number of notes.	melodic phrases within given structures.	given structures.

crisp, scratchy, rattling, tinkling etc timbre) Explore, choose and organise sounds and musical ideas	To recognise and explore how sounds can be organised, To identify and organise sounds using simple criteria e.g.	To begin to explore and choose and order sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music*	Explore, choose, combine and organise musical ideas with musical structures	To begin to join simple layers of sound, e.g. a background rhythm and a solo melody.	To join layers of sound, thinking about musical dynamics of each layer and understanding the effect.	To create increasingly complicated rhythmic and melodic phrases within given structures.	To create and improvise melodic and rhythmic phrases as part of a group performance and compose by developing ideas within a range of given musical structures.
	loud, soft, high low						
Responding and reviewing	(appraising skills)						
Explore and express	To talk about	To respond to	Analyse and	To explore and	To recognise and	To describe,	To describe, compare
ideas and feelings	how music makes	different moods	compare sounds	comment on the	explore the ways	compare and	and evaluate different
about music using	you feel or want	in		ways sounds	sounds can be	evaluate	types of music using a
movement, dance and	to move.	music and	Explore and	can be	combined and	different types	range of musical
expressive and musical	E.g. it makes me	explain	explain ideas	used	used	of	vocabulary including the inter-related
language.	want to jump/sleep/shout	thinking about changes in sound	and feelings about music	expressively.	expressively and comment on this	music, beginning to use musical	dimensions of music
EYFS-Take note of	Jamb, sieeh, sugai	changes in sound	using		effect.	words.	differisions of filusic
others when performing			movement,		2,1001.		
			dance and				
			expressive				
			and musical				
			language.				

To make improvements to my own work	To think about and make simple suggestions about what could make their own work better. E.G. play faster or louder.	To identify what improvements could be made to own work and make these changes, including altering use of voice, playing of and choice of instruments.	To reflect on and improve own and others work in relation to its intended effect	To comment on the effectiveness of own work, identifying and making improvements.	To comment on the effectiveness of own work, identifying and making improvements based on its intended outcome.	To comment on the success of own and others work, suggesting improvements based on intended outcomes.	To evaluate the success of own and others work, suggesting specific improvements based on intended outcomes and comment on how this could be achieved.
Listening and Applying (kn To listen with concentration and recall sounds within increasing aural memory. EYFS-Choose sounds to represent different things (the thunder, sea etc)	owing and understar To begin to identify simple repeated patterns and follow basic musical instructions.	To identify and recognise repeated patterns and follow a wider range of musical instructions	To listen with attention to detail and to internalise and recall sounds.	To listen with attention and begin to recall sounds.	To listen to and recall patterns of sounds with increasing accuracy.	To listen to and recall a range of sounds and patterns of sounds confidently.	To listen to, internalise and recall sounds and patterns of sounds with accuracy and confidence.

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To know how	To begin to	To understand	To know how	To begin to	To understand	To begin to	To identify and explore
the combined musical	understand	how musical	the	understand how	how	identify the	the relationship
elements of pitch,	that musical	elements	combined	different	different	relationship	between
duration, dynamics,	elements	create different	musical	musical	musical	between	sounds and how music
tempo, tembre,	can be used to	moods and	elements of	elements are	elements are	sounds and how	can reflect different
texture and silence can	create	effects.	pitch,	combined and	combined and	music can	meanings.
be organised	different moods		duration,	used	used	reflect	
and used expressively	and		dynamics,	to create an	expressively.	different	
within simple	effects.		tempo,	effect.		meanings.	
structures.			timbre,				
			texture				
			and silence can				
			be				
			organised				
			within				
			musical				
			structures				
			and used to				
			communicate				
			different				
			moods				
			and effects.				
To understand	To begin to	To confidently	To know that	To begin to	To understand	To recognise	To use and apply a
that sounds can be made	represent	represent	music is	recognise	and	and use a	range of musical
in different	sounds with	sounds with	produced	simple	begin to use	range of	notations including
ways and	simple	a range of	in different	notations to	established and	musical	staff notation, to plan,
described	sounds including	symbols, shapes	ways and	represent	invented musical	notations	revise and refine
using given	shapes and marks	and marks	described	music, including	notations to	including staff	musical material.
and invented			using given	pitch and	represent music.	notation.	
signs and			and invented	volume.			
symbols			notations				
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To know how music is	To listen to	To listen to	To understand	To listen to and	To listen to,	To listen to a	To develop an
used for particular	short, simple	pieces of	how time and	begin to	understand a	range of	understanding of the
purposes	pieces of music	music and	place can	respond to	wide	high quality, live	history of music from
	and talk about	discuss	influence	music drawn	range of high	and	different, cultures,
	when and why	where and when	the way music	from	quality	recorded music	traditions, composers
	they may	they	is	different	live and	from	and musicians
	hear it. E.g: a	may be heard	created.	traditions	recorded	different	evaluating how venue,
	lullaby	explaining why		and great	music drawn	traditions,	occasion and purpose
	or Wedding	using		composers and	from	composers and	effects the way that
	march.	simple musical		musicians.	different	musicians	music is created and
		vocabulary. E.g.			traditions,	and begin to	performed.
		It's			great composers	discuss their	
		quiet and			and	differences and	
		smooth so			musicians.	how music	
		it would be good				may have	
		for				changed over	
		a lullaby.				time.	

Definitions:

*Inter-related dimensions of music (elements):

PULSE: the steady beat of a piece of a piece of music

PITCH: the melody and the way the notes change from low to high and vice versa.

RHYTHM: or duration is the pattern of long and short sounds in a piece of music

DYNAMICS: Loud and soft

TEMPO: Fast and slow

TIMBRE: The type of sound - whisper/hum/sing/talk (examples with the voice) or twinkly/hard/soft (examples with instruments)

TEXTURE: Layers of sound (number of instruments or voices playing together)

STRUCTURE: The way the music is laid out -e.g. Verse, chorus, verse.