

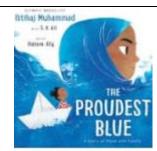
'Believe, Excite, Succeed, Together'

RE Long Term Plan Amethyst Class Year B 2024-2025

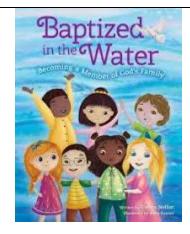
	Autumn	Spring	Summer		
	Intent				
	We learn R.E to help us hold balanced and well informed conversations about religion and belief				
	Implementation				
	We learn R.E through the Balanced RE approach and explore these principles				
R.E	Theology - believing				
	Philosophy - thinking				
	► Human/ social science -	living			
	The 4 key areas of enquiry of the	. agreed syllabus are:			
	1. God (concepts of belief)				
	2. Being human (faith, belief and actions)				
	3. Community, worship and celebration (expressing religion and beliefs)				
	4. Life journey - rites of passage (marking important events in life)				
	How does this plan work?				
	Progression Strands				
	In this plan the above areas of enquiry are approached through four key concepts, (3 concepts covered i				
	· ·	threads that run through the curricu			
	1. Beliefs, ideas and values: end	zuiry area 1: What do people believe a	bout God?		
		<mark>unity:</mark> enquiry area 2 - How faith an	d belief affects the way people live		
	their lives.				
		: enquiry areas 3 and 4 - Expressing	g beliefs; being human, life journey.		
	4. Truth, interpretation and mean	ning			

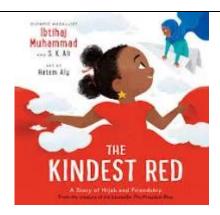
	through. We also start each new unit of wa		
Year	Year 3/4	Year 3/4	Year 3/4
Term	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Key concept	I. Beliefs, ideas and values	3.Expression, ritual and sacred.	2.Belonging, identity and community.
Key	What do people do to express	How do ceremonies show peoples'	What it means to belong to other
questions	their worldviews?	commitments to their worldview?	worldviews, denominations.
for enquiry	How people express themselves through: worship, festivals/celebrations,	Focus on joining/commitment ceremonies: How people welcome new life into the world.	(Examples could be: Quakers, Paganism, Black African Churches, Rastafarianism, New Age religions).
	clothing: symbols of identity, diet conduct towards others.		Choose I to study in more detail. Lincoln Central Mosque and Cultural Centre – organise trip.
	What does this mean within Abrahamic and Dharmic religions?		What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?
	Similarities and diversity between and within worldviews.		

Key Texts (added term by term)



By Ibtihaj Muhammad





Progression Strands

A: Belanging, Identity and Community How expressions of faith within Abrahamic and Dharmic traditions help to express identity and belanging.

How holy texts bring people together and play a key role in joining/commitment ceremonies.

How promises and actions made during different ceremonies bring communities together, symbolising a sense of belonging and identity.

B: Beliefs, Ideas and Values
What are seen as distinctive concepts in
Abrahamic and Dharmic religions.

What Abrahamic and Dharmic religions have in common.

How diversity can be seen within a religion.

C: Expression, Ritual and Sacred.

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	low people express their faith, eg: hrough worship, what they wear, caring	What particular expressions of faith	What particular expressions of faith
th	hraugh warship what they wear caring		
	waxayi c maxayi aqi, ma aac xi acg maai , xaana ag	characterize religions.	characterize religions.
fi	or others.		
		What rituals and symbolism characterize	What rituals and symbolism characterize
W	What particular expressions of faith	joining/commitment ceremonies.	joining/commitment ceremonies.
2	characterize religions.		
	What rituals and symbolism characterize	D: Truth, Interpretation and Meaning What people from Abrahamic and Dharmic	D: Truth, Interpretation and Meaning What people from Abrahamic and Dharmic
jc	oining/commitment ceremonies.	religions mean when they talk to God.	religions mean when they talk to God.
	D: Truth, Interpretation and Meaning	How concepts can be interpreted in different	How concepts can be interpreted in different
	What people from Abrahamic and Dharmic religions mean when they talk to God.	ways, even within the same religion.	ways, even within the same religion.
d	How concepts can be interpreted in different ways, even within the same	What meaning a commitment ceremony has for the person involved.	What meaning a commitment ceremony has for the person involved.
, xa	religion.		
	What meaning a commitment ceremony ras for the person involved.		
V T	To know which religions the term	To know some beliefs about love,	To recognise symbols of belonging
,	_	<u> </u>	
knowseage ₍₍	Abrahamic religion refers to Christianity, Judaism and Islam).	commitment and promises in 2 religious traditions and describe what they mean.	from their own experience.
(Disciplinary			To know that we all belong to
Knowledge) T.	To know which religions the term	To know what the significance of	something and belonging is an
	Dharmic religion refers to (Hinduism,	baptism means to Christians.	important part of our lives.
	Sikhism and Buddhism).	'	
		To know what happens in a Baptism	To know that religious people have
T.	To know the key aspects of religions,	and why.	signs we can notice about the fact that
e.	especially the people, stories and		they belong to a religion.
	raditions which influence belief and	To know where the idea of baptism	
	values.	comes from.	To know symbols of belonging for Muslims.

To know how Jewish people mark To know what Abrahamic and becoming an adult. To know how Muslims show they Dharmic religions have in common. belong. To know the main differences between To know what commitments are shown in a Bar or Bat Mitzvah. Abrahamic and Dharmic religions. Ta knaw haw Islamic stories tells us about belonging to the Muslim To know what ceremonies Hindus mark community. in the journey of life. To know about the importance of To know what happens in sacred Muhammad the prophet. thread ceremonies and say what these rituals means to some Hindu people. To know about the importance of fasting. To know about the Hindu belief in To know about the Five Pillars of reincarnation. Islam and give examples of how these To know what aspects of the ceremony affect the everyday lives of Muslims. show commitment or are about love. To know and make connections between To know why some people choose to the key functions of the mosque and the beliefs of Muslims. get married. To know about Muslim practice To what wedding ceremonies show us of the Five Pillars and their beliefs about commitment, love and promises. about God and the Prophet Muhammad. To know why some people choose to To know why the Holy Qur'an is marry in a place of worship and what important to Muslims, and how it the alternatives are for non-religious makes a difference to how they live. people. To know about the Five Pillars

of Islam and give examples of how

these affect the everyday lives

of Muslims.

Key skills (Substantive Knowledge)

To identify and begin to describe the similarities and differences within and between religions.

To respond to the challenges of commitment both in their own lives and within religious traditions, recognizing how commitment to a religion is shown in a variety of ways.

To discuss their own and others' views of religious truth and belief, expressing their own ideas clearly.

To describe some of the things that are the same and different for religious people.

To use a developing religious vacabulary to describe and show understanding of sources, practices, beliefs, ideas, feelings and experiences.

To make links between them, and describe some similarities and differences both within and between religions.

To describe the impact of religion on people's lives.

To suggest meanings for a range of forms of religious expression.

To recall their journey to school and discuss who keeps them safe on that journey.

To talk about changes in their own lives and their hope and expectations for the future.

To identify some beliefs about commitment along life's journey eg: that getting married is a big step, or becoming an adult is a key moment.

To find out and describe what big days matter to members of 2 religions.

To make simple links between beliefs about love and commitment and how people express their key beliefs along the journey.

To make simple links between their own lives and religious rituals.

To identify some beliefs about commitment and promises shown in Christian baptism and describe what they mean.

To describe what happens in baptism, a ceremony of commitment for Christians and say what the ritual means.

To make simple links between beliefs about love and commitment and Christian baptism (e.g. as a celebration of forgiveness, salvation and freedom)

To make links between Muslim practice of the five pillars and Muslim beliefs about God.

To make links between Muslim practice of each of the five pillars and Muslim beliefs about Prophet Muhammad.

To describe and reflect on how the Qur'an is significant to Muslims.

To describe and reflect on how other forms of guidance eg Hadith are significant to Muslims.

To compare, noting similarities and differences, the guidance I use to the guidance used by a Muslim.

To identify and explain connections between the main functions of the Mosque and Muslim beliefs.

To describe what people might need to support them on the journey of life.

To consider questions such as how life is like a journey? What do people use to support them through the journey?

To describe the five pillars of Islam.

Consider questions such as how might hearing the shahdah every day affect the life of a Muslim?

To raise and suggest answers to, questions of identity, belonging, meaning, purpose, truth, values and commitments.

To apply their ideas to their own and other people's lives.

To describe what inspires and influences themselves and others.

To ask and suggest answers to questions of identity, belonging, meaning, purpose and truth, values and commitments, relating them to their own and others' lives.

To explore ideas and beliefs of how the world was created.

To identify what beliefs Christians, hold about the creation of the world?

To explore their own and others beliefs/explanation of how the world was created (Christians, Buddhists, Humanists).

To identify some differences in how people celebrate commitment (e.g. different practices of Christian baptism).

To make links between ideas of love, commitment and promises in religious and non-religious ceremonies.

To give good reasons why they think ceremonies of commitment are or are not valuable today.

To talk about how baptism can be seen as a celebration of forgiveness, salvation or freedom.

To identify what commitments are shown in a Bar or Bat Mitevah and describe what the ritual means.
To suggest reasons why these ceremonies have lasted for thousands of years and matter a lot in Jewish communities today.

To describe what happens in ceremonies of commitment in Judaism - Bar Mitzvah and Bat Mitzvah - saying what these rituals mean.

To give answers to questions such as: is Bar or Bat Mitzvah about love?

Commitment? Promises? What matters most in this ceremony?

To describe Hindu belief about reincarnation.

To think of reasons why Muslims find it important to hear the Shahadah regularly.

To describe how and why Muslim people pray.

To look for similarities and differences between prayer in Islam and prayer in Christianity.

To think of reasons why some people pray regularly.

To think of reasons why some people think regularly giving away money is a good idea for themselves and the community.

To describe reasons for the practice of fasting in Islam.

To look for similarities and differences between Eid ul Fitr and other festivals the pupils have studied.

			
		To use the words 'dharma, karma, moksha' appropriately.	
		To offer informed suggestions about the meaning and importance of Hindu ceremonies of commitment today.	
		To describe what happens in sacred thread ceremonies.	
		To consider what aspects of the ceremony show commitment or are about love.	
		To connect the ceremony to some big ideas such as love, commitment and promises in Hindu community.	
		To give good reasons why I think ceremonies of commitment are or are not valuable today.	
		To describe what happens in two different marriage ceremonies and say what these rituals mean.	
		To compare the milestones on the journeys of Christians, Jewish people and Hindus.	
Key	Abrahamic	milestones	Prophet Muhammad (PBUH)
vocabulary	Dharmic	commitment ceremonies	Mosque
3	Worldview	Bar and Bat Mitzvah	Five Pillars
	Christians	Samskaras	Shahadah
	Humanists	ritual	Prayer

Muslims	baptism	Zakat/Zakah
Hindus	sacred thread	Charity
Sikhs	symbolism	Eid ul Fitr
Buddhists	John the Baptist	Fasting
Ceremonies	mitzv.o.t '	Ramadan
	Torah	Pilgrimage
	Dharma	Mecca
	reincarnation	Hajj
	transmigration of the soul	Eid-ul-Adha
	moshka	
	kharma	
	Vedas	

Our plan follows and uses the following key documents and websites:

- The Lincolnshire Agreed Syllabus (2018 23)
- Understanding Christianity (text, impact, connections)
- https://www.lincolndiocesaneducation.com/page/?title=Lincolnshire+Locally+Agreed+Syllabus&pid=30